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MSDS: Halocarbon 14

PRODUCT INFORMATION

PRODUCT: Halocarbon 14
TRADE NAME: Halocarbon 14, Freon® 14
CHEMICAL NAME: Carbon Tetrafluoride or Tetrafluoromethane
SYNONYMS: R 14 or Refrigerant 14
FORMULA: CF₄
CHEMICAL FAMILY: Fluorinated Hydrocarbon
SUPPLIER'S NAME: MEGS Inc.
SUPPLIER'S ADDRESS: 2675 De Miniac
Ville St-Laurent, Qc, H4S 1E5
EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER: (514) 956-7503
MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 88.01
PRODUCT USE: Various
PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION UN 1982 NUMBER:

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

CHEMICAL ID	CONCENTRATION	CAS #	LD(50)	LC(50)
Halocarbon 14	100%	75-73-0		Inhl-Rat 895,000 ppm/15 min

PHYSICAL DATA

PHYSICAL STATE: Gas under pressure
APPEARANCE: Colorless, odorless gas
ODOR: Odorless
ODOR THRESHOLD: Not applicable

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H₂O = 1): See Vapor Density (air = 1)
VAPOR PRESSURE: Not applicable (gas)
VAPOR DENSITY (air = 1): 3.07
EVAPORATION RATE: Not applicable (gas)
BOILING POINT: -127.94°C
FREEZING POINT: -183.89°C
pH: Not applicable (gas)
GAS DENSITY: 3.68 kg/m³ @ 15°C, 101.3 kPa
COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL @ 25°C, Bunsen Coefficient =
DISTRIBUTION: 0.0038

FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

CONDITIONS OF FLAMMABILITY: Nonflammable gas
MEANS OF EXTINCTION: Nonflammable gas
FLASHPOINT AND METHOD OF DETERMINATION: Nonflammable gas
UPPER EXPLOSION LIMIT (% BY VOL): Nonflammable gas
LOWER EXPLOSION LIMIT (% BY VOL): Nonflammable gas
AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE: Nonflammable gas
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION: Nonflammable gas
HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Nonflammable gas
EXPLOSION DATA: Nonflammable gas
SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE: None

REACTIVITY DATA

CHEMICAL STABILITY: Stable
INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Aluminum
CONDITIONS OF REACTIVITY: Non-reactive
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Hydrogen fluoride and other toxic fluorides

TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

ROUTES OF ENTRY:

SKIN CONTACT: None

SKIN ABSORPTION: None

EYE: None

INHALATION: High concentrations of Halocarbon 14 so as to exclude an adequate supply of oxygen to the lungs dizziness, possible nausea and eventual unconsciousness.

INGESTION: None

ACUTE OVER EXPOSURE EFFECTS: Halocarbon 14 is inactive biologically and essentially nontoxic; therefore, the major property is the exclusion of an adequate supply of oxygen to the lungs.

CHRONIC OVER EXPOSURE EFFECTS: None reported

EXPOSURE LIMITS: No TWA is established. It should be considered a simple asphyxiant. Oxygen levels should be maintained at greater than 18 molar percent at normal atmospheric pressure which is equivalent to a partial pressure of 135 mm Hg. (ACGIH 1995-1996)

IRRITANCY OF PRODUCT: None

SENSITIZATION TO MATERIAL: None

CARCINOGENICITY, REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS: None

TERATOGENICITY, MUTAGENICITY: None

TOXICOLOGICALLY SYNERGISTIC PRODUCTS: None

PREVENTIVE MEASURES

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Any gloves except natural rubber. Safety goggles or safety glasses. Safety shoes.

SPECIFIC ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Halocarbon 14 is noncorrosive and may be used with any common structural material. Silver and copper bearing alloys can act as catalysts for the decomposition of Halocarbon 14 at high temperatures. Alloys containing more than 2% magnesium should not be used if water is present.

LEAK AND SPILL PROCEDURES: EVACUATE ALL PERSONNEL FROM AFFECTED AREA.

Use appropriate protective equipment. If leak is in user's equipment, be certain to purge piping with an inert gas prior to attempting repairs. If leak is on container or container valve, contact the closest MEGS location.

WASTE DISPOSAL: Do not attempt to dispose of waste or unused quantities.

Return in the shipping container properly labeled, with any valve outlet plugs or caps secured and valve protection cap in place to MEGS for proper disposal. For emergency disposal, contact the closest MEGS location.

HANDLING PROCEDURES AND EQUIPMENT: USE ONLY IN WELL-VENTILATED AREAS.

Valve protection caps must remain in place unless container is secured with valve outlet to use point. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement. Use a pressure reducing regulator when connecting cylinder to lower pressure piping or systems. Do not heat cylinder by any means to increase the discharge rate of product from the cylinder. Use a check valve or trap in the discharge line to prevent hazardous back flow into the cylinder. Do not tamper with (valve) safety device. Close valve after each use and when empty.

STORAGE REQUIREMENTS: Protect cylinders from physical damage. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non combustible construction away from heavily trafficked areas and emergency exits. Do not allow the temperature where cylinders are stored to exceed 52°C. Cylinders must be stored upright and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Full and empty cylinders should be segregated. Use a "first in - first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time.

TDG CLASSIFICATION: 2.2

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: A

SPECIAL SHIPPING INFORMATION: Always secure cylinders in an upright position before transporting them. NEVER transport cylinders in trunks of vehicles, enclosed vans, truck cabs or in passenger compartments. Transport cylinders secured in open flatbed or in open pick-up type vehicles.

FIRST AID MEASURES

SPECIFIC FIRST AID PROCEDURES: PROMPT MEDICAL ATTENTION IS MANDATORY IN ALL CASES OF OVEREXPOSURE TO HALOCARBON 14. RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

INHALATION: Conscious persons should be assisted to an uncontaminated area and inhale fresh air. Quick removal from the contaminated area is most important. Unconscious persons should be moved to an uncontaminated area, given assisted respiration and supplemental oxygen. Further treatment should be symptomatic and supportive.

EYE CONTACT: Flush contaminated eye(s) with copious quantities of water.

Part eyelids to assure complete flushing. Continue for a minimum of 15 minutes

SKIN CONTACT: Forstbite: FLUSH AFFECTED AREAS WITH LUKEWARM WATER. DO NOT USE HOT WATER. A physician should see the patient promptly if the cryogenic "burn" has resulted in blistering of the dermal surface or deep tissue freezing.

PREPARATION INFORMATION

PREPARED BY: Safety Department

DATE PREPARED: 09/01/1999

LAST REVISION DATE: 01/10/2010

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